



ICSEB 2020

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On Programming Classes under Constraints of Distant Learning



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Focus of this Work

- 2020 societal lockdowns drastically affected various areas
 - Traveling
 - Museum exhibitions and theatrical activity
 - Medical services
 - Educational communities
- Challenges in organizing remote teaching and learning
 - There are both affordances and significant constraints in distant learning
 - Resolving technical, managerial, methodological and psychological problems
 - Many existing SE technology solutions are not directly applicable to academic practices in its pure forms



Presenting our Approach to Programming

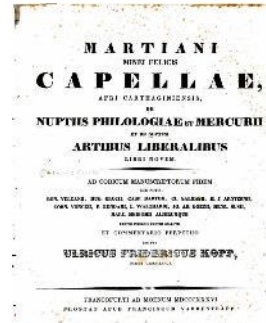
Class Organization and Workflow

- First and second year SE and CS students
- Programming class workflow
 - Why lecture and exercises are not enough
 - Network of connected activities and links to distant learning
 - Teacher and students performing different roles
 - Visualization and multilingualism



From Engineering to Liberal Arts: Revisiting a Case of Software Engineering Education *

- Considering software disciplines within the context of liberal arts is connected to significant changes in the learning models
- We anticipate more than only professional developers' skills from our students
 - They have to be able to work in a **collaborative environment**
 - Significance of organizational learning models favoring **public display, teamwork and professional discussion** significantly increases
- It is extremely important to find ways to create a collaboration environment where students can actively participate in the **co-learning** process together with their more experienced colleagues



- Arithmetic
 - Geometry
 - Astronomy
 - Logic
 - Grammar
 - Rhetoric
 - Music
- Computer Science*

*“Computer science draws upon perspectives from many disciplines and has a symbiotic relationship with the liberal arts disciplines, so it might be considered the ultimate of them” ***

* E. Pyshkin, “Liberal arts in a digitally transformed world: A case of software development education,” CEE-SECR ‘17, <https://doi.org/10.1145/3166094.3166117>.

** H.M. Walker and C. Kelemen, “Computer science and the liberal arts: a philosophical examination,” ACM Transactions on Computing Education (TOCE), Mar 1, 2010, vol. 10, no. 1, pp.2:1–2:10.



Bridge a Methodology Gap in Software Education

Attention to important particularities of software development process with respect to a software development course

Software changeability

- Much different from products of engineering

Software as a community product

- Contributing to open-source solutions requires specific skills and abilities

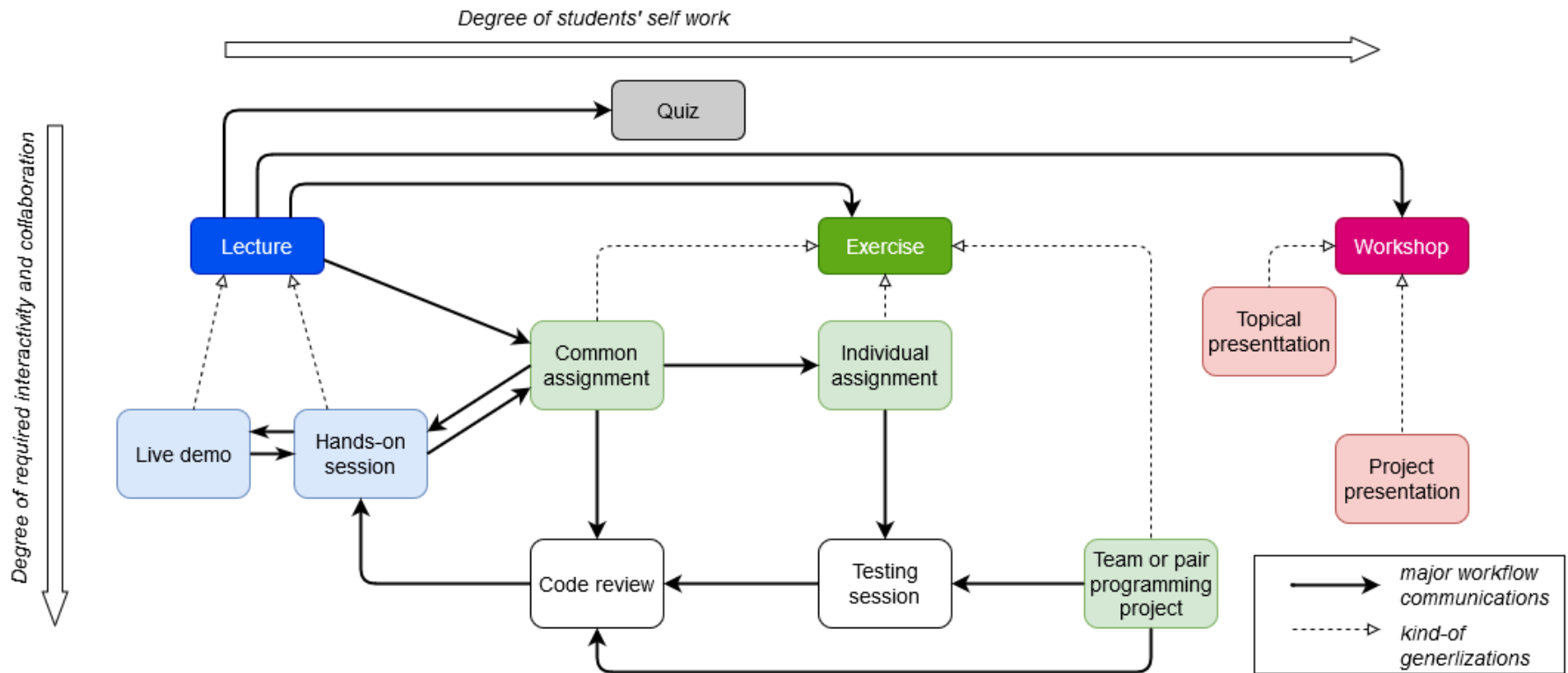
Many interdisciplinary activities

- Students have to get programming skills, but also to learn how to communicate with stakeholders, and how to cooperate in multidisciplinary teams

Programming is close to language study

- A software problem may have a variety of acceptable solutions

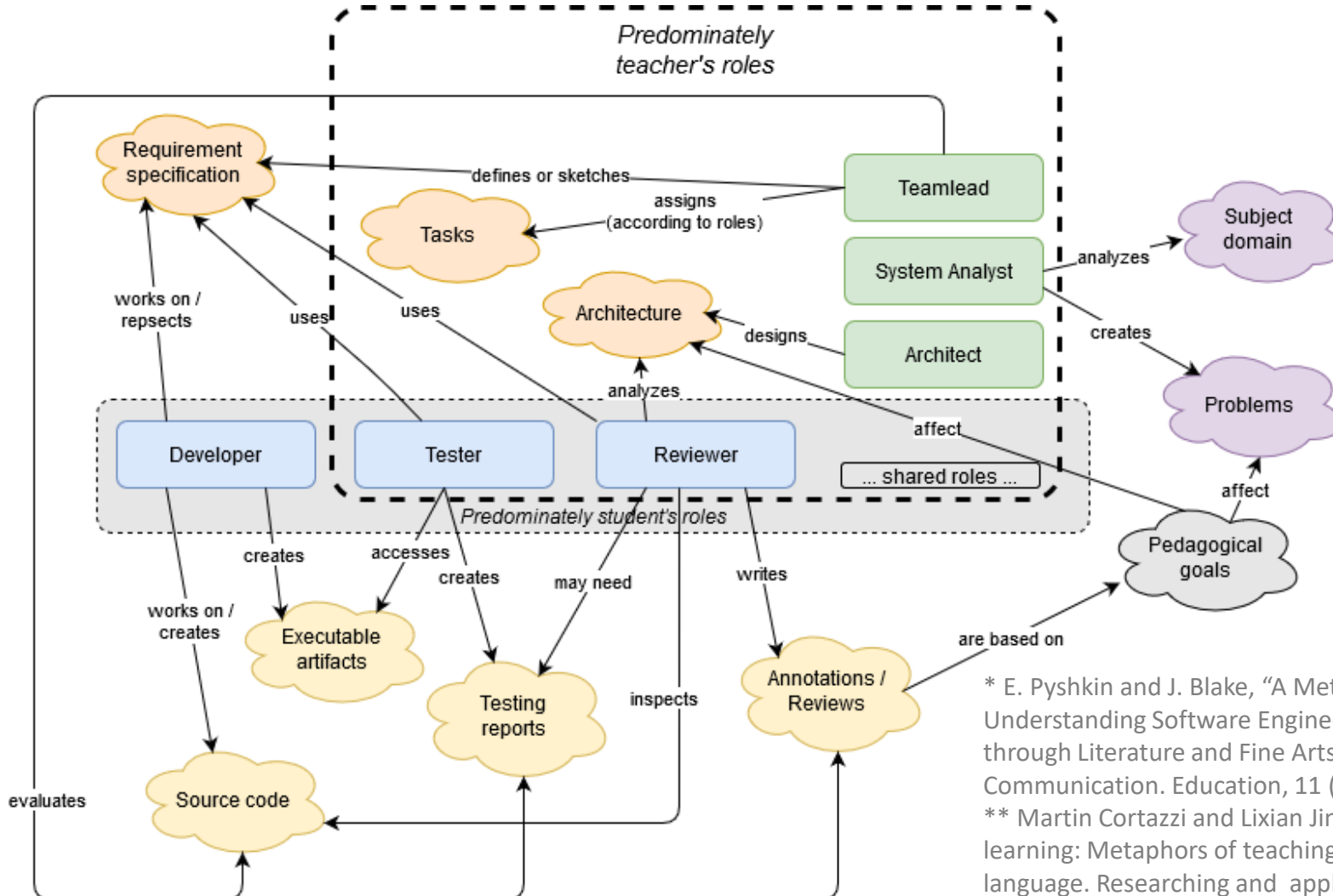
Learning Activities in a Programming Course * **



* E. Pyshkin, "On Programming Classes under Constraints of Distant Learning," 2020 The 4th International Conference on Software and e-Business (ICSEB-2020), Dec 18-20, 2020, Osaka, Japan. To appear.

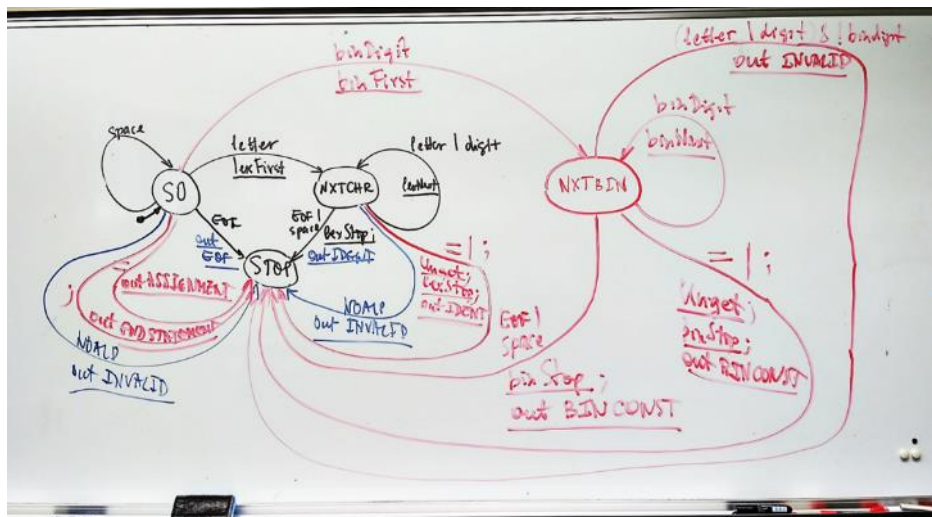
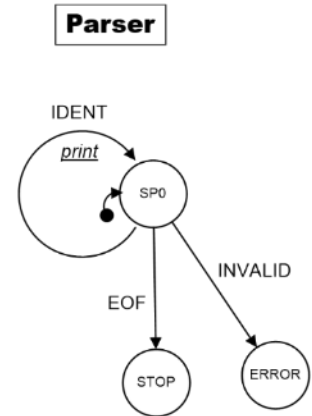
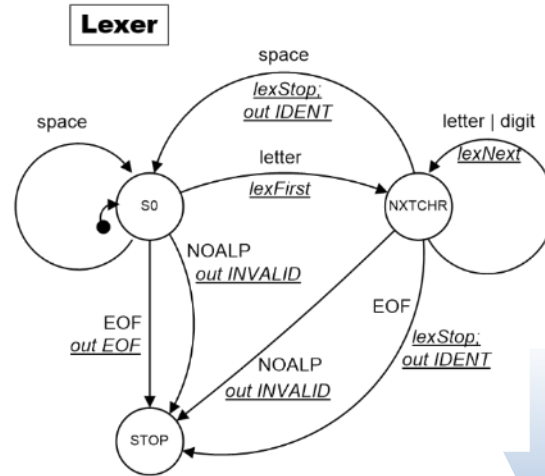
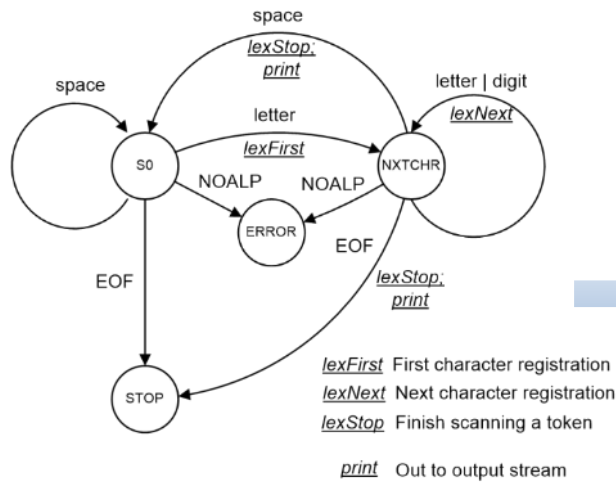
** M. Mozgovoy and E. Pyshkin, "Plagiarism Detection Systems for Programming Assignments: Practical Considerations," The 15th International Conference on Software Engineering Advances (ICSEA 2020), Oct 18-22, Porto, Portugal, IARIA, 2020, pp. 16-18. ISBN: 978-1-61208-827-3.

Role of Metaphors* =>Teaching as Entertainment**: Teachers (and students) may perform many roles



* E. Pyshkin and J. Blake, "A Metaphoric Bridge: Understanding Software Engineering Education through Literature and Fine Arts," Society. Communication. Education, 11 (3) (2020) 59–77.
 ** Martin Cortazzi and Lixian Jin. 1999. Bridges to learning: Metaphors of teaching, learning and language. Researching and applying metaphor 149 (1999), 176.

Case Study: Hands-On Session Example



Exercise: Let's Extend Our Model

• Now our language supports three types of tokens:

- Identifiers
- Assignment =
- End-of-expression ;
- Binary values 100011101

• Input file contains expressions like the following:

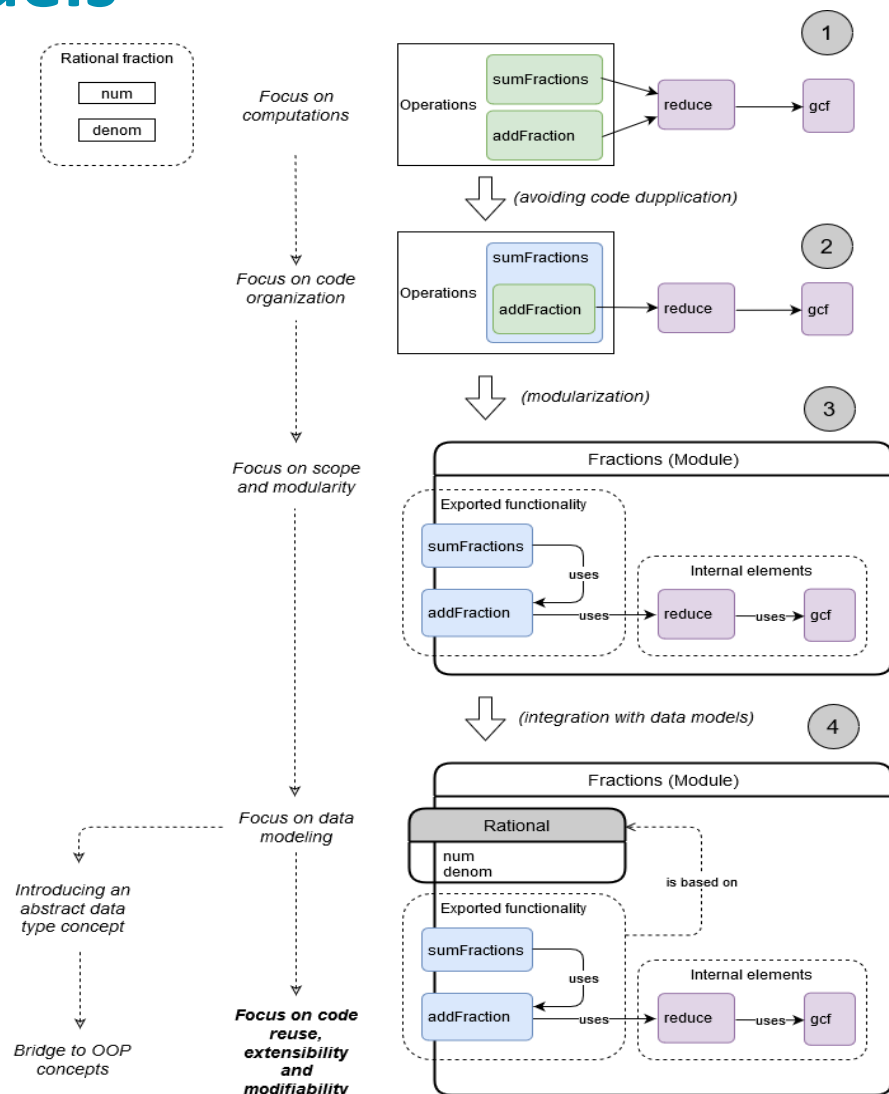
- value = 100011101;

• The problem

- Revise the state diagrams
- Implement the revised finite state machines
 - Lexer recognizes tokens
 - Parser follows syntax rules
- In process of program execution all the binary values should be printed as hexadecimal values

Incremental Design and Importance of Visual Models

- From the very first steps, it is important to introduce to students an approach to work on their practical assignments incrementally.
- Even classroom demos (should) be discussed in their possible evolution
- Example with Rational fractions (C Programming class): from imperative constructions to structured types and modularity*



Visualizing the Lectures with Mind Maps*: FreeMind

FreeMind-Prog-Intro.mm - FreeMind - MindMap Mode E:\Eugene\Aizu\Research\competitive\2020\kaori\Freemind-Prog-Intro-01\Freemind-Prog-Intro-01\Freemind-Prog-Intro.mm

File Edit View Insert Format Navigate Tools Maps Help

Map 1x Freemind-Prog-Intro.mm

Information, coding

- What is information?
 - What is the difference between data and information?
 - Information pyramid
 - CPU process the data into information
 - Code is a sequence of commands written in computer languages
- Coding and Decoding
- Data management
 - From information to Data
 - bits, algorithm, feature

Numerical systems

- Non-Positional Systems: Example
 - WARNING! BEWARE OF DOG
- Positional Numerical Systems
 - Numerical means written number
 - 0 to 9 in decimal notation digit
 - standard system in daily life
- Decimal System & General Case
 - How To Convert Decimal to Binary
 - Conversions
- What if There Are Fractions?
 - Conversions With Fractions
- Hexadecimal System
 - Decimal: 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15
 - Hex: 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 A B C D E F
 - Hexadecimal System
- A bit of Math: Code Complexity
 - Code complexity
 - How much information it takes?
 - length of shortest possible description
 - Randomness
 - Kolmogorov complexity
- Digital computations
- Binary code
 - Bits, Bytes, Words, Words...

Binary algebra

- Binary Arithmetic is Easy: Subtraction is... Addition
 - Method of complements
- Subtraction is... Addition: How it could be for a decimal computer
 - Subtraction is... Addition: Binary case
 - Negative Numbers
 - Subtraction is Addition: Binary case (even for negative values)
 - Code Length and Overflow
- Learning Programming: Basic Principles
 - 13 Simple Rules for Good Coding

What is a programming language

- Elementary Intro to SE: Software Development Process
 - THE SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT CYCLE
- Teaching Programming is Not Easy
- Programming Languages
 - How to program?
 - Web Structures Format
 - Understandable orders for machines
 - Avoid bugs
 - Structural Imperative Programming Languages
 - What exactly is a programming paradigm?
 - Other Abstract Models (Paradigms)
- Programming languages revisited
 - Why we learn C?
 - Simple and flexible. Only 32 keywords you need to know.
 - You can learn the relationship with memory model
 - Suitable language to learn "how to program"
 - TIOBE* Community index: November 2018
 - popularity of programming languages
 - C and C++ (not C/C++)
 - Improvement in C and C++
- Platforms and IDEs
 - Introducing a programming language
 - Tokens in C

Layout view HTML Code view

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=fhUFRieRSZE&features=youtu.be&ab_channel=Technoan

* Thanks to Kaori Yuda and Maxim Mozgovoy, University of Aizu

Visualizing the Lectures with Mind Maps*: Miro

miro Prog-C-03 ☆

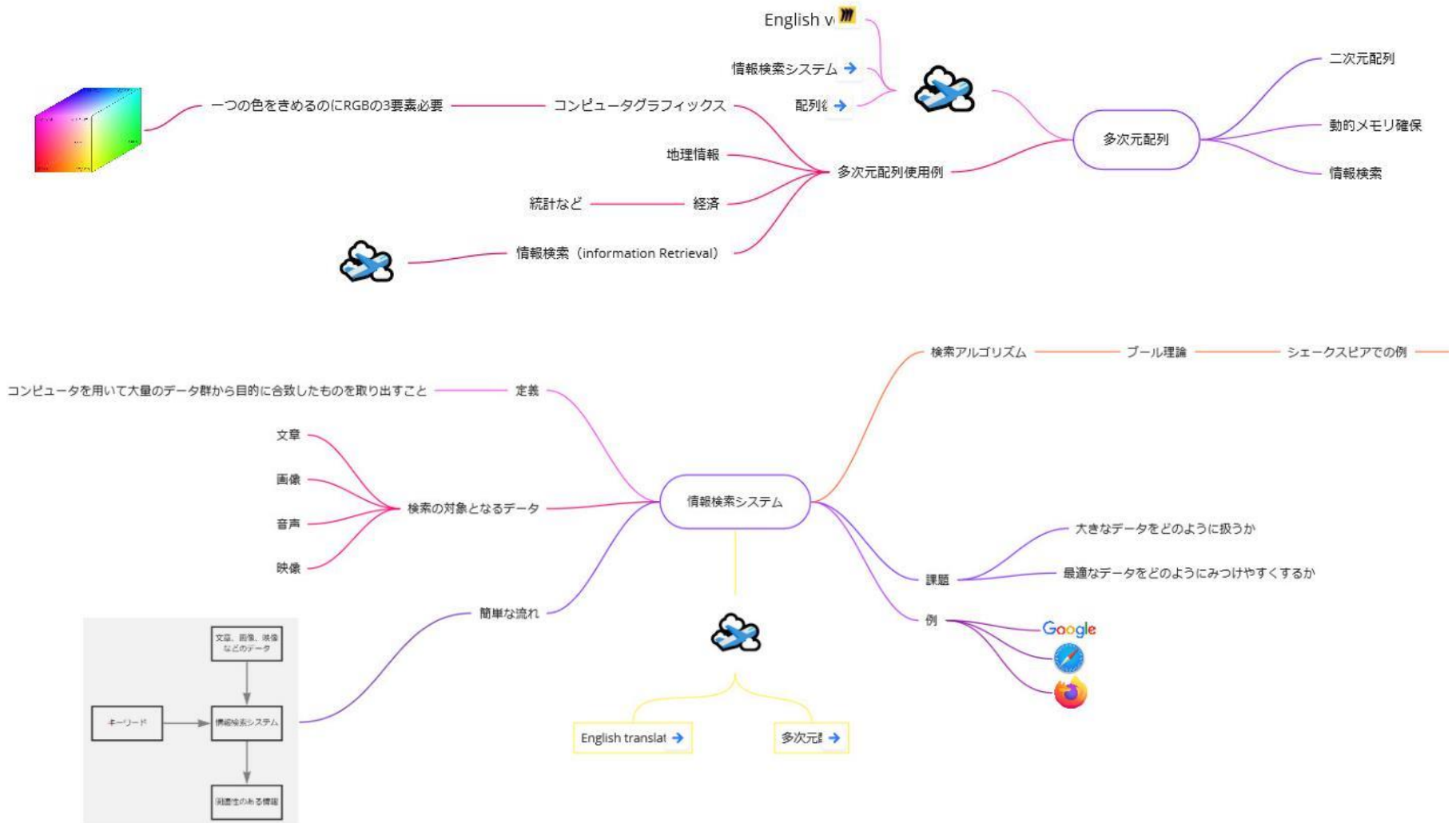
Share

Multidimensional arrays

- What we have learnt before
 - Dynamic memory allocation
 - malloc()
 - free()
 - pointer
 - The difference between array and string
- Why do we need more than one dimension array?
 - Computer graphics
 - Geo-informarion
 - Economics
- Memory allocation
 - 2D-array with Fixed sizes
 - 2D Arrays in C
 - | | Column 1 | Column 2 | Column 3 | Column 4 |
|-------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| Row 1 | x[0][0] | x[0][1] | x[0][2] | x[0][3] |
| Row 2 | x[1][0] | x[1][1] | x[1][2] | x[1][3] |
| Row 3 | x[2][0] | x[2][1] | x[2][2] | x[2][3] |
 - Information Retrieval
 - Boolean Retrieval
 - | | |
|-----------|---|
| Antony | 1 |
| Brutus | 1 |
| Caesar | 1 |
| Calpurnia | 1 |
| Cleopatra | 1 |
| mercy | 1 |
| nocer | 1 |
| AND | 1 |

* Thanks to Kaori Yuda, University of Aizu

Visualizing the Lectures with Mind Maps*: Multilingualism may be Important



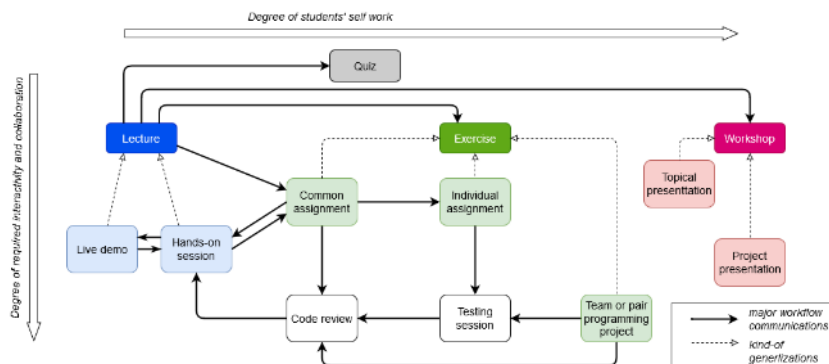
* Thanks to Kaori Yuda, University of Aizu

Summary

This study contributes to the discourse on distant learning organization and methodology while teaching programming classes in universities.

We describe the workflow of programming classes organized as a network of connected activities and teaching forms.

We examine the forms of teacher/learner collaboration and the project roles that teachers and students can perform during both face-to-face and online class sessions.



We share a number of practical considerations on how the programming classes are transformed with respect to distant learning constraints.



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