2020年度(令和2年度)推薦入学試験問題

数 学

【注意事項】

- 1 係員の指示があるまで、問題冊子を開いてはいけません。
- 2 この問題冊子は、表紙を除いて8ページ、解答用紙は2枚あります。
- 3 落丁、乱丁、印刷の不鮮明な箇所などがあったときは、手を挙げて係員に申し出てください。
- 4 解答用紙には、解答欄以外に受験番号記入欄がありますので、係員の指示に 従って2枚とも正しく記入してください。
- 5 解答は、解答欄にのみ記入してください。
- 6 問題冊子の余白等は適宜利用してかまいませんが、どのページも切り離して はいけません。
- 7 試験終了時刻まで退室してはいけません。
- 8 解答用紙は持ち帰ってはいけません。その他は持ち帰ってください。

- 1 以下の空欄をうめよ.
 - (1) 1から 120 までの自然数のうち, 6の倍数でも 15 の倍数でもないものは イ 個ある.
 - (2) 数列 $\{a_n\}$ の初項 a_1 から第 n 項までの和 S_n が $S_n = n^2 + 4n$ であるとき,数列 $\{a_n\}$ の一般項を求めると, $a_n =$ ロ である.
- (5) 方程式 $9^x 4 \cdot 3^x + 4 = 0$ の解は x = へ である.

2 5人0	A さんを含む男子7人とBさんを含む女子5人がいる. この中から D委員を選ぶ. 以下の空欄をうめよ.
(1)	男子の委員が3人,女子の委員が2人となる選び方は イ 通りある.
(2)	委員の中に少なくとも1人は女子が含まれる選び方は ロ 通りある.
(3)	男子の委員が女子の委員よりも多くなる選び方は ハ 通りある.
(4)	A さんとB さんがともに委員となる選び方は ニ 通りある.

- ③ 平面上に平行四辺形 OABC がある. 辺 OA を 3:2 に内分する点を P, 辺 OC を 2:3 に内分する点を Q とし, 辺 AB の中点を M とする. 線分 CP と線分 QM の交点を R とする. $\overrightarrow{OA} = \overrightarrow{a}$, $\overrightarrow{OC} = \overrightarrow{c}$ とするとき, 以下の空欄をうめよ.
 - (1) CR: RP = t: 1 t とおいて \overrightarrow{OR} を \overrightarrow{a} , \overrightarrow{c} , t を用いて表すと,

$$\overrightarrow{OR} = \boxed{1} \overrightarrow{a} + \boxed{\square} \overrightarrow{c} \overrightarrow{c} \overrightarrow{o} \overrightarrow{b} \overrightarrow{a}.$$

(2) QR: RM = s: 1-s とおいて \overrightarrow{OR} を \overrightarrow{a} , \overrightarrow{c} , s を用いて表すと,

(3) \overrightarrow{OR} を \overrightarrow{a} , \overrightarrow{c} を用いて表すと,

$$\overrightarrow{OR} = \boxed{ } \vec{a} + \boxed{ } \vec{c} \vec{c} \vec{o} \vec{s} \vec{s}.$$

4 曲線 $y = -x^3 + 4x$ を C とし、点 $(1, -1)$ から C に引いた接線を l とする. C と l の接点を P とする. このとき、以下の空欄をうめよ.
(1) Pの座標は
(2) C \geq l の共有点のうち、 P でないものの座標は \square である.
(3) C $\geq l$ で囲まれた部分の面積は ニ である.

2020年度(令和2年度)推薦入学試験問題

英語

【注意事項】

- 1 係員の指示があるまで、問題冊子を開いてはいけません。
- 2 この問題冊子は、表紙を除いて16ページ、解答用紙は1枚あります。
- 3 落丁、乱丁、印刷の不鮮明な箇所などがあったときは、手を挙げて係員に申し出てください。
- 4 この試験問題の解答はマーク方式になっていますので、記入の際には次のことに十分注意してください。
 - ① HBの黒鉛筆を使用し、右のマーク例を (マーク例)参考にしてていねいに記入してください。
- 良い例 悪い例 ● **分 ※ ※ ② ●**
- ② 訂正は、消しゴムできれいに消し、消しくずを残してはいけません。
- ③ 所定の欄以外にはマークしたり、記入したりしてはいけません。
- ④ 解答用紙を汚したり、折り曲げたりしてはいけません。
- 5 解答用紙には、解答欄以外に次の記入欄がありますので、係員の指示に従って、それぞ れ正しく記入し、マークしてください。
 - ① 氏名欄氏名及びフリガナを記入してください。
 - ② 受験番号欄・受験番号マーク欄 受験番号を左詰めで記入し、さらにその下のマーク欄にマークしてください。
 - ③ 年月日欄記入しないでください。
- 6 解答は、解答用紙の解答欄にマークしてください。例えば (20) と表示のある問いに対して (C) と解答する場合は、次の (例) のように問 20 の解答欄の C にマークしてください。正しくマークされていない場合には、採点できないことがありますので注意してください。

(例)	解答番号	解	答		欄
	(20)	A	B		0

- 7 問題冊子の余白等は適宜利用してかまいませんが、どのページも切り離してはいけません。
- 8 試験終了時刻まで退室してはいけません。
- 9 解答用紙は持ち帰ってはいけません。その他は持ち帰ってください。

第 1 問: 次の会話(1)~(5) のそれぞれの空欄に入る最も適切なものを、(A)~(D)の中から一つずつ選びなさい。

(1)	Person 1:			
	Person	2: Bring a warm jacket and hat – it's supposed to be cool and windy.		
	(A)	How do you like my jacket and hat?		
	(B)	How should I dress for the outing?		
	(C)	What are you bringing to your job interview?		
	(D)	Why are you wearing so much clothing?		
2)		1: Would you like to come to John's birthday party this Saturday?		
		2:		
	(A)	I'm sorry, but I can't. It's not my birthday this Saturday.		
	(B)	I'm sorry, but he can't. John will be busy at work this Saturday.		
	(C)	Yeah. That'll be fun, thanks. What time will it be?		
	(D)	Yeah. That'll be fun, thanks. What's the occasion?		
3)	Husban	d: I'm thinking about buying a cool sports car.		
	Wife: _			
	(A)	Dear, you are not allowed to park here.		
	(B)	Honey, we need to start saving for our new baby.		
	(C)	Let's go for a run after dinner, honey.		
	(D)	Please step away from the car, dear.		

(4)	Bob:	Bob: I'd like to have a word with you.			
	Steve	: Sure!			
	(A)	Did you check in a dictionary?			
	(B)	What time is it?			
	(C)	Can we meet in a minute?			
	(D)	Which word do you want to have?			
(5)	Waite	er: Would you like chopsticks?			
	Custo	mer:			
	(A)	Can I get three pairs?			
	(B)	I would like to have a coffee.			
	(C)	No, I wouldn't do it.			
	(D)	Yes. I like Japanese food.			

第2問:次の英文(6)~(15)の下線部の表現と置き換えた時、元の英文の意味に最も近いものを、それぞれ(A)~(D)の中から一つずつ選びなさい。

(6)	The ne	ew building was designed to blend in with the older ones.				
	(A)	contrast				
	(B)	join				
	(C)	match				
	(D)	replace				
(7)	Frank	had a notion that he would get the job.				
	(A)	a dream				
	(B)	a fear				
	(C)	a promise				
	(D)	an idea				
(8)	The existence of a mysterious animal was suggested by the results of this research.					
	(A)	denied				
	(B)	discussed				
	(C)	indicated				
	(D)	proved				
9)	The yo	ung girl was gradually approaching the man.				
	(A)	happily				
	(B)	quietly				
	(C)	rapidly				
	(D)	slowly				

(10)	People all over the world <u>consume</u> fish.		
	(A)	care about	
	(B)	catch	
	(C)	eat	
	(D)	look for	
(11)	At the	University of Aizu, you can acquire English.	
	(A)	learn	
	(B)	speak	
	(C)	teach	
	(D)	try	
(12)	Social	media has <u>altered</u> our lives in many ways.	
	(A)	changed	
	(B)	improved	
	(C)	prohibited	
	(D)	ruined	
(13)	The co	ouple lived separately because of the husband's job.	
	(A)	apart	
	(B)	poorly	
	(C)	quietly	
	(D)	well	
(14)	Excess	sive computer use can affect your health.	
	(A)	A little bit of	
	(B)	Enjoyable	
	(C)	Too much	
	(D)	Uncomfortable	

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- (15) It's raining cats and dogs.
 - (A) a little
 - (B) a lot
 - (C) in two places
 - (D) with high winds

第3問:次の英文(16)~(30)のそれぞれの空欄に入る最も適切なものを、(A)~(D)の中から一つずつ選びなさい。

(16)	Voters	were asked arrive late to vote in the election.
	(A)	do not
	(B)	don't to
	(C)	no to
	(D)	not to
(17)	Jill	_ to become a lawyer for the past three years.
	(A)	has been studying
	(B)	is studying
	(C)	will be studying
	(D)	will study
(18)	b	ooks were left behind last class?
	(A)	Who
	(B)	Whom
	(C)	Whose
	(D)	Who's
(19)	I still n	eed my homework.
	(A)	finish
	(B)	finished
	(C)	to finish
	(D)	will finish

(20)	I don	't mind
	(A)	be laughed at
	(B)	being laughed at
	(C)	being laughing at
	(D)	to be laughing at
(21)	There	e is no time
	(A)	for a waste
	(B)	for us to waste
	(C)	of us for wasting
	(D)	to us to waste
(22)	You a	and I worked very hard and should be proud of
	(A)	our own
	(B)	ourselves
	(C)	us
	(D)	you and me
(23)	There	is for me. I will rent this apartment.
	(A)	enough space
	(B)	much spaces
	(C)	so many spaces
	(D)	too many space
(24)	I will	be back 9 o'clock.
	(A)	by
	(B)	on
	(C)	to
	(D)	until

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	(25)	The co	ompany	I work is in that building.
		(A)	of which	
		(B)	where	
		(C)	which	
		(D)	whose	
	(26)	You sh	ould stop_	if you want to stay healthy.
		(A)	smoker	
		(B)	smoking	
		(C)	to smoke	
		(D)	to smokin	g
	(27)			estyle in Aizuwakamatsu.
		(A)	am used	
		(B)	am using	
		(C)	use	
		(D)	used	
	(28)	He lest	. hut	if he had twied a different structure.
	(28)	(A)	can win	_if he had tried a different strategy.
		(A) (B)	could have	a won
		(C)	could mave	c won
		(D)	will win	
		(-)		
	(29)	I'm rea	lly1	by this Tokyo subway map.
		(A)	confuse	
		(B)	confused	
		(C)	confusing	
		(D)	to confuse	

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(30) I heard he had his backpack_____.

- (A) steal
- (B) stealing
- (C) stole
- (D) stolen

第 4 問: 次の英文を読んで、問い(31)~(40)について最も適切な答えを、(A)~(D)の中から一つずつ選びなさい。

- (31) Which phrase best describes the most well-known feature of post-war Japan?
 - (A) hard work
 - (B) job security
 - (C) lifelong employment
 - (D) World War II
- (32) Which of the following topics would most likely follow the text above?
 - (A) Declining productivity in the services sector of Japanese industry
 - (B) Reasons for the declining productivity in Japanese manufacturing
 - (C) Rising production in the manufacturing sector of Japanese industry
 - (D) Rising loyalty and service in Japanese corporations

- (33) Which phrase below best describes the exact location of Silicon Valley?
 - (A) sits in the city of San Francisco
 - (B) sits in Santa Clara Valley and includes the city of San Jose
 - (C) sits next to corporations such as Apple, HP, Intel, and Oracle
 - (D) sits in the southern part of San Francisco Bay Area and is part of the city of San Jose
- (34) What is NOT an economically beneficial reason for living in Silicon Valley?
 - (A) high number of big companies such as Apple, HP, Oracle, and Cisco
 - (B) high resale value of properties in Silicon Valley
 - (C) high cost of living and rising prices
 - (D) high salaries with lots of industry around

- (35) Which phrase below best describes the purpose of IoT sensors in a smart city context?
 - (A) for data collection towards effective asset and resource management
 - (B) for mobile communication and asset management
 - (C) to develop 5G networks for asset and resource management
 - (D) to network with people extensively and manage assets efficiently
- (36) Which statement below best describes the potential of 5G mobile communications?
 - (A) 5G networks will radically change life in every country.
 - (B) 5G networks will broadly connect people and infrastructure.
 - (C) Smart cities will make mobile networks more efficient.
 - (D) Smart cities will adapt to 5G networks.
- (37) How will smart cities interact with their inhabitants?
 - (A) by allowing citizens to adapt to the smart city environment
 - (B) by communicating with IoT sensors in the smart city environment
 - (C) by limiting 5G mobile communications in daily life
 - (D) by creating a situation where smart cities will adapt to their residents

- (38) What is the major reason for improving infrastructure in different parts of Hawaii?
 - (A) creating hardened physical barriers
 - (B) creating jobs in the short term
 - (C) protection against higher sea levels
 - (D) protection against global climate change
- (39) How could upgrading infrastructure in Hawaii develop the economy of the state?
 - (A) by creating solid physical barriers
 - (B) by developing an economy dependent on beach tourism
 - (C) by protecting Hawaii against climate change
 - (D) by protecting tourism and increasing employment in the short term
- (40) Which of the following topics would most likely follow the text above?
 - (A) designing physical barriers for environmental protection
 - (B) potential for rising employment in Waikiki
 - (C) protecting Waikiki from global climate change
 - (D) upgrading infrastructure around the Hawaii coastline

good way to keep friends.

more than one time.

第5問: 次の英文を読んで、(41)~(45)の、それぞれの空欄に入る最も適切なものを、(A)~(D)の中から一つずつ選びなさい。

また、問い(46)~(50)について、英文の内容から最も適切な答えを、(A)~(D)の中から一つずつ選びなさい。

Young people nowadays can set up ___(41)___ and a general area to meet, such as in Shinjuku at 6:00 p.m. Then closer to that time, they can use an app to finalize the exact meeting point, such as at the East

Exit in 10 minutes. If one person falls ill or is not able to meet, it is easy to get in touch with the other person.

It was very ____(42)___ when I was a boy. Back in the day, there were no mobile phones and no Internet. We had to set up a specific time, meeting point and often a <u>wait time</u>. The wait time is the period of time that one of us would wait for the other to arrive after the arranged meeting time. So, if the time of the meeting was at 6:00 p.m. and the wait time was thirty minutes, we would wait until 6:30 p.m. If the other

person had not arrived by then, we assumed that they were not coming. To my mind, this advanced planning also helped make sure we did not ___(43)__ appointments. Making your friends wait is not a

As a child, I would often arrange to meet friends at a bus stop so that we could travel to our final destination on the bus together. On the bus, we would chat and have a fun time. There were no smartphones to distract us from enjoying life. I find it ____(44)____ to understand why young people waste so much of their time staring at the screen of a phone rather than noticing the places, people and things around them. I think that most irresponsible smartphone users have walked into lampposts or barriers

Last year, I was driving my car late at night when a university student walked straight out in front of me. Luckily, I was paying attention to the road and I was traveling slower than the speed limit. I braked, sounded my horn and came to a stop. The student looked up briefly, then continued to walk across the road. I don't think he realized how lucky he was. Had I also been playing with my smartphone, he could have been in ___(45)___, and I could be in prison!

(41)	(A) a building
	(B) a person
	(C) a time
	(D) an exit
(42)	(A) convenient
	(B) different
	(C) long time
	(D) retro
(43)	(A) forgive
	(B) get
	(C) make
	(D) miss
(44)	(A) comfortable
	(B) difficult
	(C) easy
	(D) useful
(45)	(A) hospital
	(B) luck
	(C) school
	(D) time

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(46)	Which of the following best describes the writer?
	(A) a boy
	(B) a girl
	(C) a man
	(D) a woman
(47)	What is the meaning of the underlined phrase "wait time" (in paragraph 2)?
	(A) the length of time to wait before setting a meeting
	(B) the length of time to wait before leaving
	(C) the length of time to travel to a meeting
	(D) none of the above
(48)	What does the writer think about people who walk using smartphones?
	(A) They are lucky.
	(B) They are very busy.
	(C) They enjoy playing games.
	(D) They may have accidents.
(49)	Why did the writer and a friend meet at the bus stop?
	(A) to enjoy food
	(B) to see friends arriving
	(C) to sit down
	(D) to travel together
(50)	Did the student's smartphone cause an accident (in paragraph 4)?
	(A) frequently
	(A) frequently (B) maybe
	(B) maybe

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